



The Facts About Fighting Fibromyalgia Fatigue

by NEWLIFEOUTLOOK TEAM

Fighting Fibromyalgia Fatigue: What You Need to Know

When it comes to fibromyalgia fatigue, it's important to take frequent breaks from any tasks you're doing and make sure you don't overdo it. Without managing your fatigue, you may end up finding yourself in the midst of a search of treatment for brain fog, too.

So have a chair nearby when you're doing dishes, laundry, mowing the lawn, or cooking dinner. You might even want to schedule breaks according to when you feel fatigued. Then set goals for how much you do in that time.

Consider the tips for coping with your fibromyalgia fatigue in the infographic below.

newlifeoutlook presents

THE FACTS ABOUT FATIGUE



Some Conditions with fatigue as a symptom

- Medications
- Pain
- Sleep Disorders
- Substance Abuse
- Anorexia
- Arthritis
- Cancer
- Diabetes
- Chronic Fatigue Syndrome
- Fibromyalgia
- Lupus
- Multiple Sclerosis
- Anemia
- Asthma
- Depression
- Parkinson's Disease
- COPD



With Fatigue You May Feel

- Tired
- Weak
- Exhausted
- Weary
- Worn-Out
- Heavy
- Slow
- Lethargic

What is Fatigue?

Fatigue is:

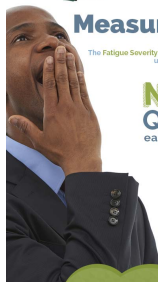
- Lack of Motivation
- Lack of Energy
- Wearing Out Easily
- Road

Fatigue isn't:

- Lack of Passion
- Laziness
- Just Being Tired
- Fake or Imagined

Fatigue Can Affect:

• Your mood	• Cognitive performance
• Physical function	• School work
• Work performance	• Community activities
• Social interaction	• Sense of self
• Family care	• Your appetite

Measuring Fatigue

The **Fatigue Severity Scale (FSS)** is a self-reported questionnaire used to measure your fatigue. It consists of ...

NINE Questions, each rated on a scale of 1-7

To score the **Fatigue Severity Scale** either add all items together (this will range from 9-63) or find the mean by adding your items together and dividing by 9 (this will range from 1-7). In either case, the **higher the number you calculate is, the more fatigued you are.**

Tips for Reducing Fatigue

- 1 Quantity & Quality of Sleep**
 - ✓ Have a regular bed time and wake up time
 - ✓ Use your bed just for sleeping
 - ✓ Do quiet activities if you're not sleepy
 - ✓ Room should be dark and quiet
- 2 Proper Nutrition**
 - ✓ Get daily value of vitamin and minerals
 - ✓ Find out about proper nutrition at choicetoplates.gov
 - ✓ Contact your doctor or a nutritionist/dietitian so you can get the most out of what you eat
- 3 Regular Exercise**
 - ✓ Choose an enjoyable exercise
 - ✓ Do what you can and then try doing a little bit more each day
 - ✓ Try tai chi and yoga to combine stretching, breathing, and calming exercises
- 4 Relaxation**
 - ✓ Avoid stress or stressful situations
 - ✓ Do what you find relaxing: read a book, do yoga, sit outside, listen to music, etc.
- 5 Balance Work and Personal Life**
 - ✓ Spend your time off work with family, friends, or doing preferred activities
 - ✓ Limit the amount of work you bring home with you
- 6 Avoid Drug Use**
 - ✓ Avoid stimulants including coffee, nicotine, methamphetamines, cocaine
 - ✓ Avoid sedatives

Resources:

1. [1. National Center for Occupational Health and Safety](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/ahya/)
2. [2. National Cancer Institute](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/ahya/)
3. [3. National Library of Medicine](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/ahya/)
4. [4. National Parkinson Foundation](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/ahya/)
5. [5. United States Department of Agriculture](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/ahya/)

newlifeoutlook.com